

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
TOBIAS READ
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MICHAEL KAPLAN
DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE



ARCHIVES DIVISION
STEPHANIE CLARK
DIRECTOR

800 SUMMER STREET NE
SALEM, OR 97310
503-373-0701

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

INCLUDING STATEMENT OF NEED & FISCAL IMPACT

CHAPTER 635

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

FILED: 04/30/2026 2:54 PM

ARCHIVES DIVISION SECRETARY OF STATE

FILING CAPTION: [CORRECTED] Furbearer Trapping and Hunting Regulations for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 Seasons

LAST DAY AND TIME TO OFFER COMMENT TO AGENCY: 06/26/2026 5:00 PM

The Agency requests public comment on whether other options should be considered for achieving the rule's substantive goals while reducing negative economic impact of the rule on business.

CONTACT:

Roxann Borisch

503-947-6314

roxann.b.borisch@odfw.oregon.gov

4034 Fairview Industrial Drive SE

Salem, OR 97302

Filed By:

Roxann Borisch

Rules Coordinator

HEARING(S)

Auxiliary aids for persons with disabilities are available upon advance request. Notify the contact listed above.

DATE: 06/26/2026

TIME: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM

OFFICER: ODFW Commission

IN-PERSON HEARING DETAILS

ADDRESS: Redmond Grange #812, 707 SW Kalama Ave, Redmond, OR 97756

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

LAST DAY AND TIME TO OFFER WRITTEN COMMENT TO THE AGENCY: 06/23/2026 @ 8:00 AM; LAST DAY AND TIME TO OFFER VERBAL COMMENT TO AGENCY: 06/26/2026 CLOSE OF HEARING.

This hearing will be conducted as a hybrid meeting, providing an opportunity to give testimony either in person or virtually. Additional information regarding participation will be posted on our website at

www.dfw.state.or.us/agency/commission/minutes/. The meeting can be viewed at www.youtube.com/user/IEODFW.

Any changes to the meeting format (to virtual only if emergency arises) will be posted to our website as soon as possible

NEED FOR THE RULE(S):

This action is necessary to establish harvest and pursuit seasons for furbearers to maintain their numbers at optimum levels and provide optimum recreation and aesthetic benefits for citizens of this state and to implement recent changes in statute relating to harvest of beaver.

DOCUMENTS RELIED UPON, AND WHERE THEY ARE AVAILABLE:

1. Staff report prepared for the Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commission hearing on 06/26/26, including the presentation and all provided materials.

A copy of the rules and the other documents relied upon for this rulemaking [the above document(s)] are available from the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Wildlife Division, 4034 Fairview Industrial Drive SE, Salem, Oregon 97302-1142. Contact Roxie Borisch at 503-947-6314 or Roxann.B.Borisch@odfw.oregon.gov to view by appointment between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., on normal working days, Monday through Friday.

STATEMENT IDENTIFYING HOW ADOPTION OF RULE(S) WILL AFFECT RACIAL EQUITY IN THIS STATE:

The Department has solicited input from representatives of underrepresented communities likely to be affected on whether the proposed rule will have a fiscal impact on the community, the extent of the fiscal impact, and whether the rules will have significant impact on underrepresented communities. <https://www.dfw.state.or.us/OARs/index.asp>

FISCAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACT:

There are no expected major direct fiscal or economic effects resulting from the proposed rule changes for the proposed seasons and bag limits for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 furbearer harvest and pursuit seasons. There is a potential for an impact to trappers that harvest beaver on public lands due to adoption of harvest restrictions as a result of legislation in 2025.

The Department recognizes that furbearers also provide nonmarket values such as indirect use values (through expanded ecological functional benefits) and nonuse values (existence value). While these values are not analyzed in this fiscal impact statement and are beyond the scope of required assessment of small business cost of compliance under ORS 183.336, the Department understands that these values contribute to the total economic value of the resource.

Fiscal and economic impacts discussed in this document pertain only to the proposed rules at the time of writing this fiscal impact statement.

COST OF COMPLIANCE:

(1) Identify any state agencies, units of local government, and members of the public likely to be economically affected by the rule(s). (2) Effect on Small Businesses: (a) Estimate the number and type of small businesses subject to the rule(s); (b) Describe the expected reporting, recordkeeping and administrative activities and cost required to comply with the rule(s); (c) Estimate the cost of professional services, equipment supplies, labor and increased administration required to comply with the rule(s).

(1) Identify any state agencies, units of local government, and members of the public likely to be economically affected by the rule(s).

A. State agencies which could be affected by rules relating to furbearer seasons are the Department (wildlife management costs) and the Oregon State Police (enforcement costs). However, no significant changes from the current levels of these agencies' operations or expenditures are expected as a result of these rules.

B. No units of local government are expected to be affected by these rules. No significant changes from the current levels

of any local agencies' operations or expenditures are expected as a result of the adoption of these rules.

C. The public is affected by rules relating to furbearer seasons. Various sectors of the public economy (trappers and their suppliers, purchasers of furs, livestock producers, and the general economy) may experience different impacts. The economic impact of possible changes in furbearer harvest rules depends primarily on the effects on (a) furbearer harvesters through changes in harvest levels, (b) livestock producers through changes in the level of predator control and (c) other parties through changes in predator control. An Oregon State University economic report by Gum and O'Connor (1987) contained a discussion of these effects that is still useful as background information. We expect no significant changes in the level of predator harvest that could affect livestock producers.

Table 1 contains a summary of license sales, transactions, and revenues for the 2023, 2024, and 2025 License Years. Furtaker licenses are required to trap and hunt furbearing mammals in Oregon. These include bobcat, muskrat, river otter, beaver, and raccoon, among others. Record cards are required to take western bobcat, statewide bobcat, and river otter (record cards also serve as an important data source for Department's furbearer program). Ages associated with the Youth Furtaker License here is 12-17 years old. Late reporting fees, which are \$50 each and typically make up approximately \$10,000 in revenue each year, are not included in the figures below. Generally, in recent years Oregon furtaker licenses have been on the decline. Oregon furtaker licenses sold ranged from 1,478 to 1,655, while record cards (bobcat & river otter) ranged from 1,590 to 1,784. Fur Dealer Permits ranged from 53 to 60. Overall furbearer program revenues average around \$165,412 annually over the last three years. (See Table 1)

Table 1. Oregon furtaker and fur dealer license sales, fees, and revenues 2023, 2024, and 2025 (see attached)

Revenues from the furbearer program pay for the administration of the program which is self-sustaining and costs approximately \$45,000 per biennium (including 8%, 2 months, of the annual salary for the program biologist; 1 month funding for Natural Resource Specialist 2 positions in district offices for pelt check-in and data collection; 1 month of administrative staff costs for Public Service Representatives at field offices and Headquarters; 10% funds program supplies and services; and the costs of administrative rulemaking is also paid for through program revenues). There are additional benefits provided through the program, as it provides value from the information collected on a breadth of species in Oregon, including species identified in the State Wildlife Action Plan. The program also provides consultation about issues related to addressing damages from furbearers species, which are not accounted for in this fiscal analysis of the program. Southwick R., Woolley A, and Leonard Q. (2005) detail the public costs of losing trapping as a wildlife management tool, detailing the impacts to human health, transport, wildlife population management, agriculture, infrastructure, and other wildlife-related damages.

Estimated harvest levels in Table 2 are drawn from the 2023-2024 and 2024-2025 mandatory harvest reports and include both trapping and hunting. These harvest numbers are considered "minimum" because the mandatory reporting does not have 100% compliance and thus the actual total harvest is likely underestimated. Under statute, some species defined as predatory animals in certain situations, such as muskrat and coyotes, may be taken on private property without reporting. Therefore, the reported harvest of these species is likely underestimated (especially coyotes). The pelt values are the weighted averages of the Oregon Territorial Council on Furs (OTC) 2023 and 2024 Prineville and Klamath Falls fur sale results. Reported harvest estimates and average pelt values are multiplied to estimate the associated harvest revenues for the 2023 and 2024 license years. Total potential revenues were approximately \$352,097 for 2023-24 and \$482,281 from 2024-2025 (Table 2). This is within the range reported in past years (e.g., 2022-2023 season = \$447,979).

Table 2. Estimated harvest and associated pelt revenues for 2023-2024 and 2024-2025. (see attached)

A 2015 Responsive Management study estimated the number of active trappers in the U.S. at 177,000 and in the West (not including Alaska) at about 23,000. In Oregon, the estimated mean days trapped in the 2014-15 season was about 36 days, which is the same as the national average. In terms of where they trap primarily, 24% focus on public land, 30% private land, and 46% both equally. Oregon trappers have out, on average, about 7 snares and 6.5 non-snare traps daily. Sixty percent of Oregon trappers have been contacted by a landowner to trap nuisance wildlife of their property, though only 32% of their trapping, on average, involves removal of nuisance wildlife. About two-thirds of Oregon trappers indicated that trapping is not important as a source of income (11% said "very important"). Mean expenses, in inflation adjusted 2025 dollars, for Oregon trappers is \$2,395.30, with 58% of them spending \$679.88 or more per season.

Although the rules relating to wildlife regulations can be generally viewed as reducing positive economic impacts in the short run, conservation through the regulation of seasons and other factors is intended to conserve Oregon's natural resources at optimal levels in the long run. Failure to restrict harvests of furbearers to allow for adequate reproduction and growth would result in adverse economic effects in the future. The regulations attempt to strike a balance that will provide opportunities and associated benefits subject to the need to conserve these wildlife populations.

References

Gum, Russell L. and Carl W. O'Connor. Economic Value of the Fur Trapping Industry in Oregon. Special Report 812. Oregon State University, Agricultural Experiment Station. September, 1987.

Responsive Management. Trap Use, Furbearers Trapped, and Trapper Characteristics in the United States in 2015. Conducted for the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

Southwick R., Woolley A, and Leonard Q. Potential Costs of Losing Hunting and Trapping as Wildlife Management Methods. Conducted for the Animal Use Issues Committee of the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (IAFWA). May 2005.

US Bureau of Labor Statistics. CPI Inflation Calculator. https://www.bls.gov/data/inflation_calculator.htm Retrieved on April 8, 2026.

(2) Effect on Small Businesses: (a) Estimate the number and type of small businesses subject to the rule(s); Businesses that buy pelts would be affected by the rules. There were 58 Fur Dealer permits sold in 2025. During the 2023-2024 harvest season, 4% of beaver harvested were on federal or state public lands. During the 2024-2025 harvest season, 9% of beaver harvested were on federal or state public lands. As such, we anticipate a small subset of those who participate in this activity to be affected.

(b) Describe the expected reporting, recordkeeping and administrative activities and cost required to comply with the rule(s); There are no expected reporting, recordkeeping, or other administrative activities required for compliance with this rule.

(c) Estimate the cost of professional services, equipment supplies, labor and increased administration required to comply with the rule(s). There are no equipment, supplies, labor, or increased administration required for compliance with this rule.

DESCRIBE HOW SMALL BUSINESSES WERE INVOLVED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THESE RULE(S):

None.

WAS AN ADMINISTRATIVE RULE ADVISORY COMMITTEE CONSULTED? NO IF NOT, WHY NOT?

The Administrative Rule Committee was not consulted. The proposed amendments and anticipated impacts on both the public and on wildlife are minimal. The agency is engaging with the public through this noticed rulemaking process. Correspondence from and testimony by interested and affected persons is accepted into record and is part of the rulemaking process. Public correspondence will also be part of the Commission meeting for June 2026, when the adoption of these rules will be decided upon. The rules are believed to be fully compatible with legislative direction on the goals of wildlife management in Oregon.

NOTE: Additional PDF filed with this filing is attached to this document. You may view the attachment [filingAttachment.pdf](#) from the Attachments panel. Alternately, you may view the attachment at the following link: <https://secure.sos.state.or.us/oard/viewFilingAttachment.action?filingRsn=62378>

RULES PROPOSED:

635-050-0045, 635-050-0070, 635-050-0150, 635-050-0189

AMEND: 635-050-0045

RULE SUMMARY: These amended rules are related to furbearer harvest, bag limits, area closures, reporting, residency and transaction of pelts for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 furbearer harvest and pursuit seasons. Notable proposals amend rules regarding beaver harvest on public lands. The Commission may decide to adopt staff recommended proposed rule and rule amendments as proposed in the attachment, or the Commission may decide to modify the proposed rules or not adopt some or any of the proposed rule amendments.

CHANGES TO RULE:

635-050-0045

General Regulations ¶

(1) The appropriate furtaker's license or hunting license for furbearers must be in possession to hunt, trap, and/or salvage furbearers. ¶

(2) Any person possessing a valid furtaker's license or hunting license for furbearers is required to fill out and submit a completed harvest report to the Department online, by fax to (503)-947-6117, or by mail at 4034 Fairview Industrial Drive SE, Salem, OR 97302. The form shall be submitted online, received by fax, or postmarked by April 15, 2025~~7~~ for the 2024~~6~~-2025~~7~~ seasons and April 15, 2026~~8~~ for the 2025~~7~~-2026~~8~~ seasons. Failure to do so shall deny the license holder the opportunity to purchase a hunting license for furbearers or furtaker's license for the following furbearer season, unless the non-compliant licensee pays a fee of \$50.00 and completes and returns the harvest report form prior to the requested license being issued. ¶

(a) The required harvest report shall include specific information on each beaver taken during the beaver harvest season to include: ¶

(A) Location of harvest ¶

(i) Delineated watershed as selected from harvest survey materials (e.g., HUC8) ¶

(ii) Land ownership (e.g., state, federal, or private) ¶

(B) Reason for harvest (e.g., was beaver harvest on private land at the request of the landowner for reasons of damage) ¶

(C) Water feature where trap was set (e.g., bank of river/stream, bank of lake/pond, or bank of agricultural channel/field) ¶

(b) Any take of beaver outside of the harvest season on privately owned forestland as defined by ORS 527.620 must be reported to the local Department office through the wildlife damage complaint system and should not be included in a furtaker harvest report. (Pursuant to ORS 527.620(7), "forestland" is defined as land that is used for the growing and harvesting of forest tree species, regardless of how the land is zoned or taxed or how any state or

local statutes, ordinances, rules or regulations are applied.)¶¶

(3) Any person may sell or exchange the hide, carcass, or any part thereof, of any legally taken furbearing or unprotected mammal, except that a licensed furtaker, who is not the landowner or an agent of the landowner addressing damage, that traps a beaver on privately owned forestland other than "small forestland" as defined in Senate Bill 1501 (2022) may not sell or exchange the pelt of the beaver. (Pursuant to SB 1501 (2022), "small forestland" means forestland (as defined by ORS 527.620) whose owner owns or holds common ownership interest in less than 5,000 acres of forestland in this state.)¶¶

(4) All traps and snares, whether set for furbearing or other unprotected mammals, shall be legibly marked or branded with the owner's license (brand) number that has been assigned by the Department; except that unmarked traps or snares may be set for nongame mammals unprotected by law or Department regulations by any person or member of their immediate family upon land of which they are the lawful owner. A landowner is required to register the location of such land with the Department and shall possess each year a free landowner's license before hunting or trapping furbearing mammals. ¶¶

(5) No branded trap or snare may be sold unless accompanied by a uniform bill of sale. ¶¶

(6) Bobcat, raccoon and opossum may be hunted with the aid of an artificial light provided the light is not cast from or attached to a motor vehicle or boat. ¶¶

(7) An artificial light may be used to provide light to aid in the dispatch of animals legally restrained in a trap or snare. ¶¶

(8) Use of dogs is permitted to hunt or pursue bobcat, raccoon, fox, and unprotected mammals. ¶¶

(9) It is unlawful for any person to trap for furbearers, predatory animals or unprotected mammals using: ¶¶

(a) A steel foothold trap with a jaw spread greater than 9 inches. ¶¶

(b) A foothold trap with an inside jaw spread at dog greater than 6" not having a jaw spacing of at least 3/16 of one inch when the trap is sprung (measurement excludes pads on padded jaw traps) and when the trap is placed in a manner that is not capable of drowning a trapped animal. ¶¶

(c) The flesh of any game bird, game fish, game mammal for trap bait. ¶¶

(d) Any killing trap having a jaw spread of 7.5 inches or more in any land set except when authorized by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. ¶¶

(e) Any toothed trap, or trap with a protuberance on the facing edge of the jaws that is intended to hold the animal (except pads on padded jaw traps). ¶¶

(f) Possessing the branded traps or snares of another unless in possession of written permission from the person to whom the brand is registered. ¶¶

(g) Sight bait within 15 feet of any foothold trap set for carnivores. ¶¶

(10) Except for persons authorized to enforce the wildlife laws, it is unlawful to disturb or remove the traps or snares of any licensed trapper while they are trapping on public lands or on land where they have permission to trap. ¶¶

(11) All traps or snares set or used for the taking of furbearing or unprotected mammals shall be inspected at least every 48 hours and all trapped animals removed. This regulation does not apply to the taking of predatory animals. ¶¶

(12) Any person setting a trap for predatory animals, as defined in ORS 610.002, must check the trap as follows: ¶¶

(a) For killing traps and snares, at least once every 14 days and remove all animals; ¶¶

(b) For restraining traps and snares, at least once every 48 hours and remove all animals. ¶¶

(13) Any person(s) acting as an agent for a landowner or lawful occupant of land shall have in their possession written authority from the landowner or lawful occupant of the land. Such written authority shall contain at least all of the following: ¶¶

(a) The date of issuance of the authorization; ¶¶

(b) The name, address, telephone number and signature of the person granting the authorization; ¶¶

(c) The name, address and telephone number of the person to whom the authorization is granted; and ¶¶

(d) The expiration date of the authorization, which shall be not later than one year from the date of issuance of the authorization. ¶¶

(14) When any furbearer or raw furbearer pelt is transferred to the possession of another person, a written record indicating the name and address of the person from whom the raw pelt was obtained shall accompany such transfer and remain with same so long as preserved in raw pelt form. ¶¶

(15) It is unlawful for any person to damage or destroy any muskrat house at any time except where such muskrat house is an obstruction to a private or public ditch or watercourse.¶¶

(16) It is unlawful to waste the pelt of any furbearer except when authorized by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.¶¶

(17) It is unlawful for any person to use traps or snares suspended in trees in the ~~Siskiyou and Siuslaw National Forests~~ Siuslaw National Forest and the Rogue River-Siskiyou National Forest west of Interstate 5.

Statutory/Other Authority: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162, 498.042, 498.172

Statutes/Other Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162, 498.042, 498.172

AMEND: 635-050-0070

RULE SUMMARY: These amended rules are related to furbearer harvest, bag limits, area closures, reporting, residency and transaction of pelts for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 furbearer harvest and pursuit seasons. Notable proposals amend rules regarding beaver harvest on public lands. The Commission may decide to adopt staff recommended proposed rule and rule amendments as proposed in the attachment, or the Commission may decide to modify the proposed rules or not adopt some or any of the proposed rule amendments.

CHANGES TO RULE:

635-050-0070

Beaver Harvest Seasons ¶¶

Open Season: November 15 through March 15 of the following year ~~in~~except the following described areas are closed to beaver harvest.¶¶

- (1) Clackamas County. ~~All open except w~~Within the exterior boundaries of Mt. Hood National Forest.¶¶
 - (2) Crook County. ~~All open except~~ Prineville Reservoir below high water line and the Ochoco National Forest.¶¶
 - (3) Curry County. ~~All open except t~~The Rogue River from the east county line to the mouth.¶¶
 - (4) Grant County. ~~All open except w~~Within the exterior boundaries of the Ochoco National Forest; Murderers Creek and Deer Creek, tributaries of the South Fork John Day River, within the exterior boundaries of the Malheur National Forest.¶¶
 - (5) Jefferson County. ~~All open except t~~That portion of the Willow Creek watershed on the National Grasslands.¶¶
 - (6) Josephine County. ~~All open except~~The Rogue River from the confluence of Grave Creek downstream to the county line.¶¶
 - (7) Union County. ~~All open except:~~¶¶
 - (a) National Forest lands. However, private inholdings within the National Forest remain open.¶¶
 - (b) Grande Ronde River above Beaver Creek.¶¶
 - (c) All tributaries of the Grande Ronde River above the confluence of Five Points Creek. (Five Points Creek open to the National Forest boundary.)¶¶
 - (8) Wallowa County. ~~All open except:~~¶¶
 - (a) Wallowa River watershed above Wallowa Lake.¶¶
 - (b) Those portions of the Lostine River, Hurricane Creek, and Bear Creek watersheds within the Wallowa-Whitman National Forest.¶¶
 - (c) Minam River watershed.¶¶
 - (d) Peavine Creek, a tributary of Chesnimnus Creek.¶¶
 - (9) Wheeler County. All open except within the exterior boundaries of the Ochoco National Forest and those portions of the Bridge Creek watershed on Bureau of Land Management lands.¶¶
 - (10) ~~Other counties: All of the following counties in their entirety: Baker, Benton, Clatsop, Columbia, Coos, Deschutes, Douglas, Gilliam, Hood River, Harney, Jackson, Klamath, Lake, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Malhe~~Any body of water that is on, adjacent to, or flows through public land, or any public land within 200 feet of the ordinary high waterline of a body of water, that is shown as closed to beaver harvest on the 2025-2027 Oregon Beaver Harvest Closure ~~Marion, Morrow, Multnomah, Polk, Sherman, Tillamook, Umatilla, Wasco, Washington and Yamhill.~~ This subsection does not apply to:¶¶
 - (a) Private lands; or¶¶
 - (b) Below the ordinary high-water line of navigable streams and rivers when the adjoining land is privately owned.
- Statutory/Other Authority: ORS 496.138, 496.146, 496.162, ORS 496.012, 498.066
Statutes/Other Implemented: ORS 496.138, 496.146, 496.162, ORS 496.012, 498.066

AMEND: 635-050-0150

RULE SUMMARY: These amended rules are related to furbearer harvest, bag limits, area closures, reporting, residency and transaction of pelts for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 furbearer harvest and pursuit seasons. Notable proposals amend rules regarding beaver harvest on public lands. The Commission may decide to adopt staff recommended proposed rule and rule amendments as proposed in the attachment, or the Commission may decide to modify the proposed rules or not adopt some or any of the proposed rule amendments.

CHANGES TO RULE:

635-050-0150

River Otter Harvest Seasons ¶

(1) Open season: November 15 through March 15 of the following year.¶

(2) Open area: Entire state except for all areas closed to beaver ~~trapping~~harvest in OAR 635-050-0070.

Statutory/Other Authority: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162

Statutes/Other Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162

AMEND: 635-050-0189

RULE SUMMARY: These amended rules are related to furbearer harvest, bag limits, area closures, reporting, residency and transaction of pelts for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 furbearer harvest and pursuit seasons. Notable proposals amend rules regarding beaver harvest on public lands. The Commission may decide to adopt staff recommended proposed rule and rule amendments as proposed in the attachment, or the Commission may decide to modify the proposed rules or not adopt some or any of the proposed rule amendments.

CHANGES TO RULE:

635-050-0189

Special Bobcat and River Otter Regulations ¶

Those persons failing to comply with ~~20246-20257~~ or ~~20257-20268~~ Special Bobcat and River Otter Regulations may not be issued a license for the following furbearer season and shall be subject to the penalties provided in ORS 496.992.

Statutory/Other Authority: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162

Statutes/Other Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 496.162

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING FOR CHAPTER 635

TABLES

Furbearer Trapping and Hunting Regulations for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 Seasons.

Table 1. Oregon furtaker and fur dealer license sales, fees, and revenues 2023, 2024, and 2025

| Transaction Type | Fee | 2023 | | 2024 | | 2025 | |
|------------------------|--------|----------|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|
| | | # Issued | Revenue | # Issued | Revenue | # Issued | Revenue |
| Resident Hunt and Trap | \$54.5 | 681 | \$37,114.5 | 764 | \$41,638 | 838 | \$45,671 |
| Resident Hunt Only | \$26 | 647 | \$16,822 | 737 | \$19,162 | 677 | \$17,602 |
| Non-Resident Furtaker | \$407 | 91 | \$37,037 | 77 | \$31,339 | 86 | \$35,002 |
| Youth Furtaker | \$17 | 59 | \$1,003 | 66 | \$1,122 | 54 | \$918 |
| Western Bobcat Card | \$37.5 | 313 | \$11,737.5 | 352 | \$13,200 | 335 | \$12,562.5 |
| Statewide Bobcat Card | \$37.5 | 1,055 | \$39,562.50 | 1,142 | \$42,825 | 1,174 | \$44,025 |
| River Otter Card | \$37.5 | 222 | \$8,325 | 274 | \$10,275 | 275 | \$10,312.5 |
| Fur Dealer Permit | \$111 | 60 | \$6,660 | 53 | \$5,883 | 58 | \$6,438 |
| Total Revenue | | | \$158,261.5 | | \$165,444 | | \$172,531 |

Table 2. Estimated harvest and associated pelt revenues for 2023-2024 and 2024-2025.

| | 2023-2024 | | | 2024-2025 | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| | Total Statewide Harvest | Avg. Pelt \$ Value | Total Harvest Revenues | Total Statewide Harvest | Avg. Pelt \$ Value | Total Harvest Revenues |
| Badger | 65 | \$20.31 | \$1,320.15 | 167 | \$24.67 | \$4,119.89 |
| Beaver | 1490 | \$27.83 | \$41,466.70 | 975 | \$18.76 | \$18,291.00 |
| Bobcat - statewide | 556 | \$355.25 | \$197,519.00 | 717 | \$490.50 | \$351,688.50 |
| Bobcat - western | 175 | \$121.79 | \$21,313.25 | 203 | \$97.30 | \$19,751.90 |
| Coyote | 2147 | \$27.73 | \$59,536.31 | 2640 | \$17.53 | \$46,279.20 |
| Grey Fox | 180 | \$12.71 | \$2,287.80 | 227 | \$17.19 | \$3,902.13 |
| Red Fox | 17 | \$13.28 | \$225.76 | 26 | \$23.57 | \$612.82 |
| Marten | 57 | \$32.44 | \$1,849.08 | 55 | \$51.97 | \$2,858.35 |
| Mink | 998 | \$8.20 | \$8,183.60 | 847 | \$6.89 | \$5,835.83 |
| Muskrat | 848 | \$2.93 | \$2,484.64 | 549 | \$2.00 | \$1,098.00 |
| Nutria | 177 | \$1.89 | \$334.53 | 194 | \$2.61 | \$506.34 |
| Otter | 205 | \$47.61 | \$9,760.05 | 192 | \$49.10 | \$9,427.20 |
| Opossum | 486 | \$3.88 | \$1,885.68 | 610 | \$3.65 | \$2,226.50 |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|---------|--------------------------------|-----|---------|---------------------|
| Raccoon | 60 | \$2.63 | \$157.80 | 157 | \$4.81 | \$755.17 |
| Spotted Skunk | 56 | \$11.12 | \$622.72 | 138 | \$39.64 | \$5,470.32 |
| Striped Skunk | 307 | \$10.25 | \$3,146.75 | 568 | \$16.62 | \$9,440.16 |
| Weasel | 3 | \$1.07 | \$3.21 | 3 | \$6.00 | \$18.00 |
| Total Revenue | | | \$352,097.0 3 | | | \$482,281.31 |

CORRECTION

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING FOR CHAPTER 635

Furbearer Trapping and Hunting Regulations for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 Seasons

Filed: April 30, 2026

The following table shows corrections to the table referenced in the notice.

Table 2. Estimated harvest and associated pelt revenues for 2023-2024 and 2024-2025.

| | 2023-2024 | | | 2024-2025 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| | Total Statewide Harvest | Avg. Pelt \$ Value | Total Harvest Revenues | Total Statewide Harvest | Avg. Pelt \$ Value | Total Harvest Revenues |
| Badger | 65 | \$20.31 | \$1,320.15 | 167 | \$24.67 | \$4,119.89 |
| Beaver | 1490 | \$27.83 | \$41,466.70 | 975 | \$18.76 | \$18,291.00 |
| Bobcat - statewide | 556 | \$355.25 | \$197,519.00 | 717 | \$490.50 | \$351,688.50 |
| Bobcat - western | 175 | \$121.79 | \$21,313.25 | 203 | \$97.30 | \$19,751.90 |
| Coyote | 2147 | \$27.73 | \$59,536.31 | 2640 | \$17.53 | \$46,279.20 |
| Grey Fox | 180 | \$12.71 | \$2,287.80 | 227 | \$17.19 | \$3,902.13 |
| Red Fox | {17} 60 | \$13.28 | \$225.76 | {26} 157 | \$23.57 | \$612.82 |
| Marten | {57} 17 | \$32.44 | \$1,849.08 | {55} 26 | \$51.97 | \$2,858.35 |
| Mink | {998} 57 | \$8.20 | \$8,183.60 | {847} 55 | \$6.89 | \$5,835.83 |
| Muskrat | {848} 998 | \$2.93 | \$2,484.64 | {549} 847 | \$2.00 | \$1,098.00 |
| Nutria | {177} 848 | \$1.89 | \$334.53 | {194} 569 | \$2.61 | \$506.34 |
| Otter | 205 | \$47.61 | \$9,760.05 | 192 | \$49.10 | \$9,427.20 |
| Opossum | {486} 177 | \$3.88 | \$1,885.68 | {610} 194 | \$3.65 | \$2,226.50 |
| Raccoon | {60} 486 | \$2.63 | \$157.80 | {157} 610 | \$4.81 | \$755.17 |
| Spotted Skunk | 56 | \$11.12 | \$622.72 | 138 | \$39.64 | \$5,470.32 |
| Striped Skunk | 307 | \$10.25 | \$3,146.75 | 568 | \$16.62 | \$9,440.16 |
| Weasel | 3 | \$1.07 | \$3.21 | 3 | \$6.00 | \$18.00 |
| Total Revenue | | | \$352,097.03 | | | \$482,281.31 |